	1993-94 (1st Quarter)	1994-95 (1st Quarter)	1995-96 (1st Quarter)
(iii) Other Non-tax Revenue including External Grants and UTs Receipts	1311	1443	596
Total Non-tax Revenue (Net)	1772	2880	2664
Total Revenue Receipts (Net)	12092	16107	18698

Assistance provided by IRBI

2093. DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI: SHRI TRILOKI NATO CHATURVEDI:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the loan/assistance sanctioned by IRBI together with the recovery in each of the year from 1991-92 to 1994-95;

(b) the cumulative outstanding amount against loan/assistance during the same period;

(c) what is the amount which had become overdue during the same period and the number of parties which had overdue amount exceeding rupees one crore each; and

(d) the names of the industrial or other undertakings financed by IRBI whose loans advanced have become irrecoverable and what has been done in these cases?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN TOE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M.V. CHANDRASHEKHAR MURTHY): (a) and (b) Industrial Reconstruction Bank of India (IRBI) has reported that the loan assistance sanctioned, amount recovered (Principal, Interest and other dues) anc cumulative outstanding loan amount for each of the financial years from 1991-92 to 1994-95 were as under:

(Rs. Crores)

	Loan Assistance Sanctioned	Amount Recovere	Cumulative Outstanding Loan Amount
1991-92		149.67	808.80
1992-93		192.04	881.36
1993-94		205.52	924.92
1994-95		335.37	1041.90
777.88			

(c) IRBI has reported that the overdues as at the end of the financial years 1991-92 to 1994-95 together with number of units where the overdue amount exceeded Rs. one crore were as under:

	Amount Overdue (Rs. Crore)	No. of Units where overdues exceeded Rs. one Crore
1991-92	129.47	38
1992-93	180.41	49
1993-94	232.03	64
1994-95	251.01	64

(d) IRBI Act contains special provisions for recovery of dues from the borrowers and guarantors in terms of Section 40 and 41 of the IRBI Act, whereby IRBI can approach concerned High Courts for sale of the assets of the company and of the guarantor?' properties charged to IRBI by way of collateral securities. The said procedure is followed by IRBI in dl such cases. However, in accordance with the

provisions of Public Financial Institutions (Obligation as to Fidelity and Secrecy) Act, 1983, names of such concerns cannot be divulged.

Credit Cards by Standard Chartered

2094. SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR SAM BHAJIRAO SHINDE: SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Standard Chartered Bank (Stanchart) has launched a new series of Credit Cards with photos, to prevent the alleged white collar, crime, involving Rs. 1800 crores of plastic money in the Indian market; and

(b) whether as reported, over 11,2% of the 1.2 million credit cards under circulation in India are counterfeit and what steps are being taken to prevent circulation of this counterfeit plastic money?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M.V. CHANDRASHEKHAR MURTHY): (a) and (b) Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has reported that Standard Chartered Bank has launched a new series of Credit Cards with photos. But it is not aware of the white collar crimes involving Rs. 1800 crores of plastic money in the Indian market. As reported by public sector banks, private sector banks and foreign banks, 886 cases of frauds involving an amount of Rs. 270.10 lakhs, had taken place during the years 1992-93 to 1994-95. RBI has further stated that counterfeit cards are only one of the kinds of frauds prevalent in credit cards business. Banks have, however, not reported to RBI incidence of frauds perpetrated by way of counterfeit credit cards.

Export of Handicrafts

2095. SHRIMATI BASANTI SAR-MA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) what has been the trend of handicrafts export during the last three years and how do they compare with the 1990-91 figures;

(b) the names of the top five States in handicrafts exports;

(c) the names of the top five destination countries to which these handicrafts are exported; and

(d) what steps are being taken to boost these exports?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) There has been an increasing trend in exports of handicrafts from the country during the last three years as compared to the 1990-91 which is evident from the export figures given below:—

(Rs. in Crores)

Year	Export of handicrafts including handknotted carpets
1990-91	1434.38
1992-93	2522.97
1993-94	3360.20
1994-95	4458.30

(b) The States are Uttar Pradesh, Jammu Kashmir, Rajasthan, Gujarat and Tamil Nadu.

(c) The top five destination countries to which handicrafts are exported in order are the USA, Germany, United Kingdom, France and Japan.

(d) The steps taken to boost the export of handicrafts including handknotted carpets includet sponsoring of sales-cum-study teams abroad, participation in international fairs/festivals, organisation of buyer-seller-meets, overseas publicity and publication of catalogues, conducting of seminars and workshop and organisation